

Beliefs Survey

1. **Your PS/RtI Project ID:** _____ →

Your PS/RtI Project ID was designed to assure confidentiality while also providing a method to match an individual's responses across instruments. In the space provided (first row), please write in the last four digits of your Social Security Number and the last two digits of the year you were born. Then, shade in the corresponding circles.

0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3
4	4	4	4	4	4
5	5	5	5	5	5
6	6	6	6	6	6
7	7	7	7	7	7
8	8	8	8	8	8
9	9	9	9	9	9

Directions: For items 2-5 below, please shade in the circle next to the response option that best represents your answer.

2. Job Description:

- | | | |
|--|---|---|
| <input type="radio"/> PS/RtI Coach | <input type="radio"/> Teacher-General Education | <input type="radio"/> Teacher-Special Education |
| <input type="radio"/> School Counselor | <input type="radio"/> School Psychologist | <input type="radio"/> School Social Worker |
| <input type="radio"/> Principal | <input type="radio"/> Assistant Principal | |

Other (Please specify): _____

3. Years of Experience in Education:

- | | | |
|--|--------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> Less than 1 year | <input type="radio"/> 1 – 4 years | <input type="radio"/> 5-9 years |
| <input type="radio"/> 10 – 14 years | <input type="radio"/> 15-19 years | <input type="radio"/> 20-24 years |
| <input type="radio"/> 25 or more years | <input type="radio"/> Not applicable | |

4. Number of Years in your Current Position:

- | | | |
|--|-----------------------------------|--|
| <input type="radio"/> Less than 1 year | <input type="radio"/> 1 – 4 years | <input type="radio"/> 5-9 years |
| <input type="radio"/> 10 – 14 years | <input type="radio"/> 15-19 years | <input type="radio"/> 20 or more years |

5. Highest Degree Earned:

- | | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <input type="radio"/> B.A./B.S. | <input type="radio"/> M.A./M.S. | <input type="radio"/> Ed.S. | <input type="radio"/> Ph.D./Ed.D. |
|---------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------------------------------|

Other (Please specify): _____

Directions: Using the scale below, please indicate your level of agreement or disagreement with each of the following statements by shading in the circle that best represents your response.

① = Strongly Disagree (SD)

② = Disagree (D)

③ = Neutral (N)

④ = Agree (A)

⑤ = Strongly Agree (SA)

	SD	D	N	A	SA
6. I believe in the philosophy of No Child Left Behind (NCLB) even if I disagree with some of the requirements.	①	②	③	④	⑤
7. Core instruction should be effective enough to result in 80% of the students achieving benchmarks in					
7.a. reading	①	②	③	④	⑤
7.b. math	①	②	③	④	⑤
8. The primary function of supplemental instruction is to ensure that students meet grade-level benchmarks in					
8.a. reading	①	②	③	④	⑤
8.b. math	①	②	③	④	⑤
9. The majority of students with learning disabilities achieve grade-level benchmarks in					
9.a. reading	①	②	③	④	⑤
9.b. math	①	②	③	④	⑤
10. The majority of students with behavioral problems (EH/SED or EBD) achieve grade-level benchmarks in					
10.a. reading	①	②	③	④	⑤
10.b. math	①	②	③	④	⑤
11. Students with high-incidence disabilities (e.g. SLD, EBD) who are receiving special education services are capable of achieving grade-level benchmarks (i.e., general education standards) in					
11.a. reading	①	②	③	④	⑤
11.b. math	①	②	③	④	⑤
12. General education classroom teachers should implement more differentiated and flexible instructional practices to address the needs of a more diverse student body.	①	②	③	④	⑤

	SD	D	N	A	SA
13. General education classroom teachers would be able to implement more differentiated and flexible interventions if they had additional staff support.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
14. The use of additional interventions in the general education classroom would result in success for more students.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
15. Prevention activities and early intervention strategies in schools would result in fewer referrals to problem-solving teams and placements in special education.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
16. The “severity” of a student’s academic problem is determined not by how far behind the student is in terms of his/her academic performance but by how quickly the student responds to intervention.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
17. The “severity” of a student’s behavioral problem is determined not by how inappropriate a student is in terms of his/her behavioral performance but by how quickly the student responds to intervention.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
18. The results of IQ and achievement testing can be used to identify effective interventions for students with learning and behavior problems.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
19. Many students currently identified as “LD” do not have a disability, rather they came to school “not ready” to learn or fell too far behind academically for the available interventions to close the gap sufficiently.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
20. Using student-based data to determine intervention effectiveness is more accurate than using only “teacher judgment.”	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
21. Evaluating a student’s response to interventions is a more effective way of determining what a student is capable of achieving than using scores from “tests” (e.g., IQ/Achievement test).	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
22. Additional time and resources should be allocated first to students who are not reaching benchmarks (i.e., general education standards) before significant time and resources are directed to students who are at or above benchmarks.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
23. Graphing student data makes it easier for one to make decisions about student performance and needed interventions.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
24. A student’s parents (guardian) should be involved in the problem-solving process as soon as a teacher has a concern about the student.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)
25. Students respond better to interventions when their parent (guardian) is involved in the development and implementation of those interventions.	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)

	SD	D	N	A	SA
26. All students can achieve grade-level benchmarks if they have sufficient support.	①	②	③	④	⑤
27. The goal of assessment is to generate and measure effectiveness of instruction/intervention.	①	②	③	④	⑤

THANK YOU!



123456